# 2020 UNISOKU NEWSLETTER

Foggy Aoi-Ike (Blue-Pond) in Biei-cho, Hokkaido where UNISOKU members visited in the 45th anniversary company trip. The clearer photo is well known as a wallpaper in Mac OS X.

## **Business Policy** 経営方針

## UNISOKU continues to contribute to the development of science and technology by providing customers with scientific instruments that satisfy their exploring demands.

UNISOKU was founded by Dr. Toshihiko Nagamura, and since then the company's spirit has been based on his frontier mentality, "Provide unique measurement systems to the society". We first grew up with time-resolved optical instruments such as Stopped-Flow spectroscopy system and Flash Photolysis system. In 1986, UNISOKU started productizing STM systems for the first time in Japan, and afterward, we further developed those STM systems into advanced versions working under extreme experimental environments including ultra-low temperature, ultra-high vacuum conditions. Today, we expand our sales worldwide, and UNISOKU low-temperature STM systems become a de facto standard in the academic communities. We continue to support customers to help them use our systems comfortably and challenge for developing valuable instruments. Our challenge for providing unique instruments to satisfy customers' inquisitive mind, "desire to observe, know and solve" will never change. We realize such instruments with our knowledge and experience and hope to contribute to the development of science and technology, eventually leading to a convenient and prosperous society.

## ユニソクはお客様の探究心に応える計測を提供し、お客様の成果を通じて、 科学技術の発展に貢献しつづけることを目指します。

株式会社ユニソクは、創業者である長村俊彦の「ユニークな測定器を世の中に提供していく」 というチャレンジ精神によって誕生しました。創業当時はストップトフロー分光システムや 閃光分解分光システムといった、高速分光システムで事業を拡大しました。

1986年には当時まだ国内では製造されていなかった走査型トンネル顕微鏡の製品化 に成功しました。その後、極低温、超高真空という極限環境の STM を追究することに より、現在では世界に販売を展開し、多くの研究者にご愛用いただくようになりました。

ユニソクはユーザーの皆様へのサポートを持続し、皆様に安心して装置をお使いいただけるよう、経営の安定を図りながら、新しい 価値の創造に挑戦しつづけ、社員と会社の成長を目指します。

お客様の「観たい」、「知りたい」、「突き止めたい」という探究心に応えるユニークな測定器を提供したいというユニソクのチャレンジ精神 は変わることなく、お客様が求める計測を社員の知識と経験で実現し、お客様の成果を通じて科学技術の発展と便利で豊かな社会の 実現に貢献することをこれからも志して参ります。

## The Code of Conduct 行動指針

### **Challenge courageously**

Even in difficult situations, we try something new with our strong will.

### Think positively and look from others standpoints

We express our gratitude not criticize. We achieve goals through mutual cooperation. We think from the standpoints of customers, partners and colleagues, and provide values for them.

#### **Create values**

To meet ever-changing social needs, we aim to create values that provide happiness and impressive experience to customers by our knowledge and skills.

#### **Pursue happiness**

We work to share happiness with our customers and colleagues.

## **COMPANY PROFILE**

TRADE NAME	UNISOKU CO., LTD.
CEO	Yutaka Miyatake
FOUNDATION	NOV. 1974
LOCATION	2-4-3 Kasugano, Hirakata, Osaka, Japan
CAPITAL	50,000,000 JPY
BUSINESS	Manufacturing and sales of our own UHV LT SPMs and
	Optical spectroscopy systems, research and development
EMPLOYEES	47

#### 果敢に挑戦

困難なことでも強い意志を持って果敢に挑戦することを 目指します。

#### 物事を前向きに、相手の立場で考える

感謝の気持ちを示し、人を非難せず、互いに協力しながら 目標を達成することを目指します。 顧客・取引先・同僚の視点で考え、相手にとって価値ある

ことの提供を目指します。

#### 価値の創造

常に変化する世の中のニーズに応え、知恵と工夫で、幸福 と感動を与える価値を創造することを目指します。

#### 幸福の追求

仕事を通じて、顧客や同僚とともに歩み、分かち合える 幸福を見つけることを目指します。

会社概要	
商号	株式会社ユニソク
代表取締役社長	宮武 優
設立	昭和 49 年 11 月
所在地	大阪府枚方市春日野2丁目4番3号
資本金	5000万円
事業	走査型プローブ顕微鏡、高速分光装置
	製造販売「研究開発分野」にて事業
社員数	47名

## As a Member of Tokyo Instruments Group

UNISOKU has joined Tokyo Instruments (TII) Group as a subsidiary company in 2010. TII was founded by Shoji Suruga (the former president of UNISOKU) in 1981 with the mission, "Provide the most advanced scientific instruments to domestic researchers and engineers, and do our best to support them to use the instruments with satisfaction". Starting from the imported sales of optical instruments such as lasers and photodetectors, TII has expanded self-developed products business and developed from an import company into a R&D type technology trading company that owns advanced techniques. In 2017, TII group has established a holding company, SPECS-TII GmbH in Switzerland co-founded by SPECS GmbH. In parallel, we have established the local corporations in the U.S., Russia and China to increase sales and improve our customer support from SPECS, TII and UNISOKU. We also plan to establish sales offices in other countries in the near future. UNISOKU aims to provide satisfactory products and service to our customers by strengthening locally based sales and technical support using the global network of SPECS-TII.

## 東京インスツルメンツグループの一員として

ユニソクは2010年に株式会社東京インスツルメンツの子会社として東京インスツルメンツ(TII)グループに加わりました。東京 インスツルメンツは駿河正次(前ユニソク社長)によって「世界最先端の理化学製品をいち早く国内の研究者、開発エンジニアに 提供すること、加えて購入製品を満足して使用していただくためのサポート・サービスに全力を尽くす」ことを理念に1981年に 創立されました。レーザー、光検出器など分光装置関連の輸入販売に加え、自社開発製品の事業を拡大して輸入商社から高い技術力

を持つ研究開発型の技術 商社へと発展しました。 TII グループは、2017 年 にドイツ SPECS GmbH 社 とホールディングス会社 SPECS-TII GmbHをスイス に設立すると同時に、 SPECS, TII, UNISOKU の製品の販売とカスタマー サポートを強化するため、 米国、ロシア、中国に現地 法人を立ち上げました。 今後、これら以外の国にも 営業拠点設立を計画して います。

ユニソクは、こうした SPECS-TII グローバル連携 のネットワークを使い、 各地域に根差した販売 ならびに技術的サポート を強化し、お客様へのさら なる安心とサービスの提供 を目指して参ります。



## SPECS-TII Beijing User Meeting in China

#### **SPECS-TII Beijing 主催** < 中国ユーザーミーティング >

The meeting was hosted by SPECS-TII Beijing, and users of UNISOKU and SPECS were invited to Kunming, China. 90 people including their families attended and 10 professors introduced their research. On the 2nd day, we enjoyed an excursion to Yunnan Stone Forest. By sharing time together, we could collect direct comments and the newest information from the users. We believe that the meeting was also a good opportunity for both UNISOKU and SPECS users to mingle.

SPECS-TII Beijingが主催し、ユニソクとSPECSの顧客を中国・昆明に招待しました。招待者のご家族を含む合計90名の参加者にお集まり 頂き、およそ10名の先生方に研究内容の紹介をして頂きました。また2日目には、石林への観光を実施し、参加者の多くに楽しんでもらえ、また 移動中や観光地での歓談を通して、ユーザーからの直接的な意見や最新の情報を頂くことができました。この会議を通じてUNISOKUとSPECS ユーザーの交流を図ることができました。





## **Events in 2019-2020**





弊社取扱い製品のSTM装置が、小学館発行「ドラえもん科学ワールド未来のくらし」に掲載

## New Face 2019 新入社員紹介

Three new members have joined UNISOKU in 2019. Each of them is expected to play an active role in the optics, production and sales department, respectively.

2019年は3名の新入社員が入社しました。 それぞれ分光、製造、営業事務のスペシャリスト として即戦力となり、日々仕事に邁進しています。



世界一の分光製品をつくって

いきたいと思います。



職人魂で尽力出来るよう 頑張ります!

製造業にいた経験を活かし 中国エリア担当です。架け橋と なれるよう日々精進しています。











## **Product Development News in 2019**

## UNISOKU Cryogen-Free STM System Coming Soon

無冷媒STM

•Base temperature of  $T_{\text{STM}}$  = 3.5 K achieved

 Low vibration noise level realized by our original design

「第18回低温工学・超電導若手合同講演会」 にて若手奨励賞 受賞 「パルス管冷凍機を用いた低温走査トンネル顕微鏡の開発」

## USM1300 Based 400mK-High Magnetic Field-Optical Interference AFM Developed

sMIM 米国プライムナノ社との共同開発

- Ultra-high vacuum condition •Very low temperature  $T_{AFM} = 0.4 \text{ K}$ •High magnetic field (11 T)
- Cantilever AFM (fiber interferometer)
- Microwave compatible (~ 3 GHz)
- •Wide scan range (15  $\mu$  m × 15  $\mu$  m@T = 4 K



The AFM platform was jointly developed with PrimeNano to commercialize the UHV ULT-sMIM (Scanning Microwave Impedance Microscopy). このAFMプラットフォームはPrimeNano社とのUHV ULT-sMIM(Scanning Microwave Impedanc Microscopy)製品化の為に開発されました。 <PrimeNano Inc. Web site> https://www.primenanoinc.com/

## 外部資金

- ▶市村清新技術財団 新技術開発助成 FY2019-2020 「薄膜材料用超高感度水素検出装置の開発」 東工大細野研との共同開発
- ▶JST研究成果最適展開支援プログラム(A-STEP)企業主導フェーズ NexTEP-Bタイプ FY2019-2023(予定) 「時間・スピン分解走査マルチプローブ顕微鏡」 筑波大重川研との共同開発

## Publication Stats in 2019

Total number of publications using UNISOKU systems\* = 240 (247 in 2018) Total impact factors ~ 1720 (~ 1266 in 2018) Corresponding to 40 Nature papers (~ 30 in 2018)

Impact factor per employee ~ 36 (~ 26 in 2018) Approaching to the impact factor of Nature (~ 43)

The detailed information about the publication list is available on our website \*including preprints











#### STM image of HOPG







2019年の製品開発ニュース

### **MHz Amplifier Available Soon in Collaboration** with Prof. Milan Allan Group (Leiden University)

MHzアンプ:ライデン大とのライセンス契約 製品名: RydeenAmp (雷電アンプ)

## Advantages

•High resolution tunneling spectroscopy measurements •Atomic-scale shot noise measurements

K. M. Bastiaans et al., Rev. Sci. Instrum. 89, 093709 (2018).





K. M. Bastiaans et al., Nat. Phys. 14, 1183 (2018).



Popular SPM Research Fields in 2019	Num. of Publications	Average Impact Factor
Graphene	20	8.44
Molecules	20	6.19
Monatomic Films excluding TMDs	18	8.08
Transition Metal Dichalcogenides (TMDs)	13	10.97
Topological Superconductors (Majorana)	11	12.11
Fe-based Superconductors	9	11.82
Topological Materials (Weyl)	8	14.07

## Introduction of **Products / Users / Publications**

## Ultra High Vacuum Low Temperature SPM System

超高真空低温走査型プローブ顕微鏡システム **USM1200** 

Long term SPM measurements realized with low cost cryogen Cooling performance greatly improved since 2017

- LHe consumption rate: 0.7 L/day
- LHe holding time (10 L): 12 days
- ▶ LN, holding time (14 L): 1 week

## USM1200 Publication List in 2019 (Selected) #xyak

"Living Annulative π-Extension Polymerization for Graphene Nanoribbon Synthesis" Y. Yano et al., Nature 571, 387 (2019).

"Long-Range Ordered Structures of Corannulene Governed by Electrostatic Repulsion and Surface-State Mediation X. Wen et al., J. Phys. Chem. Lett. 10, 6800 (2019).

"Unveiling Oxygen Adsorption States on One-Dimensional Pt-Induced Nanowires on Ge(001)" H. C. Sun et al., J. Phys. Chem. C 123, 13263 (2019).

"Dechlorinated Ullmann Coupling Reaction of Aryl Chlorides on Ag(111): A Combined STM and XPS Study" J. Dai et al., Chem. Phys. Chem. 20, 2367 (2019)

"Reversible Oxidation of Blue Phosphorus Monolayer on Au(111)" J. L. Zhang et al. Nano Lett. 19, 5340 (2019).

### "Stepwise On-Surface Dissymmetric Reaction to Construct Binodal Organometallic Network" J. Liu *et al.,* Nat. Commun. **10**, 2545 (2019).

Realizing dissymmetric reactions, which allows differentiated functionalization of equivalent sites within one molecule, is crucial for synthetic chemistry and materials science but remains challenging. Liu et al. (Wu Kai group, Peking University) demonstrated the dissymmetric reaction of 1,4-dibromo-2,5-diethynylbenzene (2Br-DEB) on Ag(111) in a stepwise manner and revealed the stepwise conversion using STM combined with density functional theory calculations. They found that 2Br-DEB molecules underwent chemical reactions to form 1D alkynyl-silver-alkynyl chains at 300 K and a 2D binodal organometallic network at 320-450 K. Their detailed investigation sheds light on potential application for controlled fabrication of complicated yet ordered nanostructures on a surface.



(a) STM image of 2Br-DEB molecules on Ag(111) spontaneously assembled at 150 K (b) STM image of the 1D alkynyl-silver-alkynyl chains formed at 300 K. (c) STM image of the 2D binodal organometallic network formed at 330 K.



## Ultra High Vacuum Very Low Temperature High Magnetic Field STM System

超高真空極低温強磁場中走査型トンネル顕微鏡システム **USM1300** 

## Bestselling very low temperature SPM system

- Base temperature: 350 mK (holding time: 30 h with 14 L <sup>3</sup>He)
- Magnetic fields: 11 T, 15 T, 2-2-9 T (standard)
- ▶ <sup>3</sup>He refrigerator improved since 2017
- Longer <sup>3</sup>He holding time and lower base temperature
- Noise levels during 1 K pot pumping reduced
- ► AFM option available
- Total number of shipments reached 100

### "Atomic-scale Fragmentation and Collapse of Antiferromagnetic Order in a Doped Mott Insulator" H. Zhao et al., Nat. Phys. 15, 1267 (2019). 《Cover Article》

The antiferromagnetic Mott insulator is generally known to exhibit a phase transition from an insulating to a metallic state by carrier doping along with spatially inhomogeneous electronic states varying on nanometer length scales. However, the evolution of the antiferromagnetic order across the phase transition on the same length scales has remained unknown. Zhao et al. (Zeljkovic group, Boston College) performed spin-polarized STM to reveal the relation among the antiferromagnetic order, the inhomogeneous electronic state and chemical disorder near the phase transition in a doped Mott insulator (Sr. La), IrO,. They found that the long-range antiferromagnetic order melts into a short-range fragmented state that is uncorrelated with the energy gap magnitude and the chemical disorder at the surface. Their findings provide a significant insight into how the antiferromagnetic order in a Mott insulator evolves with charge carrier doping and establish spin-polarized STM as a powerful tool for probing atomic-scale magnetism in complex oxides.





## "Electronic Correlations in Twisted Bilayer Graphene Near the Magic Angle"

## Y. Choi et al., Nat. Phys. 15, 1174 (2019).

Twisted bilayer graphene has recently attracted considerable interest because the electronic correlation can be tuned by the rotational angle between two stacking graphene sheets. Especially, at the magic angle ( $\theta \sim 1.1^\circ$ ), the electronic correlation is greatly enhanced and even superconductivity is discovered by carrier doping. Choi et al. (Nadj-Perge group, California Institute of Technology) performed low temperature STM measurements (T = 1.5 K) to investigate electronic correlations in this system near the magic angle. A pair of flat electronic bands responsible for the strong correlation are observed to deform when aligned with the Fermi level, indicating greatly enhanced electronic correlations. They also found near the charge neutral point, an enhanced splitting of the flat bands along with symmetry broken density of state maps in the most symmetric moiré regions. This feature could be attributed to the formation of a nematic ground state due to strong electronic interactions. The superconducting state emerging from such symmetry-broken correlated states are expected to be investigated in the near future.





(a) Experimental set-up.

(b) STM image of the twisted bilayer graphene showing a moiré pattern ( $\theta = 1.01^{\circ}$ ). (c) Spatially resolved local density of state maps near the charge neutral point showing a symmetry-broken feature in the symmetric moiré region.

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(a) STM image of  $(Sr_{1,x}La_x)_2 IrO_4$  (x=0.05).

- (b) Spin-resolved magnetic contrast map.
- (c) Spectral gap map. All images are
- obtained over an identical region of the sample

## Haim Beidenkopf (USM1300 User)

## The Weizmann Institute, Israel



## **Research Interests**

- Scanning tunneling microscopy and spectroscopy Molecular beam synthesis of topological nanocrystals and nanowires
- Inducing topology in semiconducting nanowires Electronic and magnetic properties of topological states of matter: Weyl semimetals, topological insulators, topological superconductors and correlated materials



Quasiparticle interference of trivial states and topological Fermi arcs states on: Left: "The non centrosymmetric Weyl semimetal TaAs." Batabyal et al., Science Advances 2, e1600709 (2016). Right: "The magnetic Weyl semimetal Co, Sn, S,."

Morali et al., Science 365, 1286 (2019).





Spectroscopic mapping of a screw dislocation and the associated helical edge state in bismuth allowed us to resolve its electronic topological classification Nayak et al., Science Advances 5, eaax6996 (2019).



dI/dV map showing a vortex lattice on the surface of the transition metal dichalcogenide 4HbTaS,

## Goutam Sheet (USM1300 User)

SpIN Lab, Indian Institute of Science Education and **Research (IISER) Mohali, India** 

## **Research Interests**



 Point contact spectroscopy, atomic force microscopy Scanning tunneling microscopy and spectroscopy Conventional/ unconventional/ topological superconductivity, magnetism, multiferroicity and charge density wave





(a) Atomic resolution image of the cleaved surface of PdTe2 where two types of defects (indicated by the white and yellow arrows) and quasiparticle interference around them are visible. (b) Zoomed image of a defect-free area. (c) A differential conductance spectrum measured by STS at 22 K and (d) recorded at 385 mK showing clear coherence peak and a low-bias conductance dip "Conventional superconductivity in the type-II Dirac semimetal PdTe,", Das et al., Phys. Rev. B 97, 014523 (2018).



(a) Tunneling spectra (dI/dV vs V plots) with theoretical fits using Dynes equation showing two gaps measured at 1.9 K on surface of polycrystalline Mo<sub>8</sub>Ga<sub>41</sub> "Multiband superconductivity in Mo<sub>s</sub>Ga<sub>41</sub> driven by a site-selective mechanism", Sirohi et al., Phys. Rev. B 99, 054503 (2019).

"Magnetic Hysteresis of Single-Molecule Magnets Adsorbed on Ferromagnetic Substrate" Z. K. Oi et al., ACS Nano DOI: 10.1021/acsnano.9b04428

"Tuning Single-Atom Electron Spin Resonance in a Vector Magnetic Field" P. Willke et al., Nano Lett. 19, 8201 (2019).

"Strongly Compressed Few-Layered SnSe<sub>2</sub> Films Grown on a SrTiO<sub>3</sub> Substrate: The Coexistence of Charge Ordering and Enhanced Interfacial Superconductivity" Z. Shao et al., Nano Lett. 19, 5304 (2019).

"Evidence for d-Wave Superconductivity in Single Layer FeSe/SrTiO₃ Probed by Quasiparticle Scattering Off Step Edges" Z. Ge et al., Nano Lett. 19, 2497 (2019).

"Directly visualizing the sign change of d-wave superconducting gap in Bi₂Sr₂CaCu₂O<sub>8</sub>+δ by phase-referenced quasiparticle interference" Q. Gu et al., Nat. Commun. 10, 1603 (2019).

"Resolving the Topological Classification of Bismuth with Topological Defects" A. K. Nayak et al., Sci. Adv. 5, eaax6996 (2019).

"Selective Trapping of Hexagonally Warped Topological Surface States in a Triangular Quantum Corral" M. Chen et al., Sci. Adv. 5, eaaw3988 (2019).

"Atomic-Scale Interface Engineering of Majorana Edge Modes in a 2D Magnet-Superconductor Hybrid System" A. Palacio-Morales et al., Sci. Adv. 5, eaav6600 (2019)

"Quantum Vortex Core and Missing Pseudogap in the Multiband BCS-BEC Crossover Superconductor FeSe" T. Hanaguri et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 122, 077001 (2019).

"High-Magnetic-Field Tunneling Spectra of ABC-Stacked Trilayer Graphene on Graphite" L. J. Yin et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 122, 146802 (2019).

"Quantum Phase Transition of Correlated Iron-Based Superconductivity in LiFe<sub>1-x</sub>Co<sub>x</sub>As" J. X. Yin et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 123, 217004 (2019).

"Vanadyl Phthalocyanines on Graphene/SiC(0001): Toward a Hybrid Architecture for Molecular Spin Qubits" I. Cimatti et al., Nanoscale Horiz. 4, 1202 (2019).

## USM1300 Publication List in 2019 (Selected) 論文リスト

"Fermi-Arc Diversity on Surface Terminations of the Magnetic Weyl Semimetal Co<sub>3</sub>Sn<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>" N. Morali et al., Science 365, 1286 (2019).

"Charge-stripe crystal phase in an insulating cuprate" H. Zhao et al., Nat. Mater. 18, 103 (2019)

"Negative Flat Band Magnetism in a Spin-Orbit-Coupled Correlated Kagome Magnet" J. X. Yin et al., Nat. Phys. 15, 443 (2019).

"Evidence of anisotropic Majorana bound states in 2M-WS<sub>2</sub>" Y. Yuan et al., Nat. Phys. 15, 1046 (2019).

"Half-Integer level Shift of Vortex Bound States in an Iron-Based Superconductor" L. Kong et al., Nat. Phys. 15, 1181 (2019).

"Atomic-Scale Fragmentation and Collapse of Antiferromagnetic Order in a Doped Mott Insulator" H. Zhao et al., Nat. Phys. 15, 1267 (2019).

"Interface Engineering of Au(111) for the Growth of 1T'-MoSe<sub>2</sub>" F. Cheng et al., ACS Nano 13, 2316 (2019).

"Unusual Electronic States and Superconducting Proximity Effect of Bi Films Modulated by a NbSe<sub>2</sub> Substrate" L. Peng et al., ACS Nano 13, 1885 (2019).

"Steering the Achiral into Chiral with a Self-Assembly Strategy" H. Song et al., ACS Nano 13, 7202 (2019).

"The Effects of Atomic-Scale Strain Relaxation on the Electronic Properties of Monolayer MoS2" D. J. Trainer et al., ACS Nano 13, 8284 (2019).

"Dimensional Crossover and Topological Phase Transition in Dirac Semimetal Na<sub>3</sub>Bi Films" H. Xia et al., ACS Nano 13, 9647 (2019).





## Ultra High Vacuum Low Temperature SPM System

## 超高真空低温走査型プローブ顕微鏡システム **USM1400**

Ideal system for combining SPM with optical spectroscopies such as tip-enhanced Raman spectroscopy (TERS)

- Base temperature: 3.5 K
- ▶ Focusing lenses with NA ~ 0.35 with 3D piezo positioners
- Single molecule resolution in TERS mode
- Compatible with SPECS sample holder
- Lens stage motion at low temperatures improved

## Nan Jiang

## University of Illinois at Chicago, U.S.A.



## **Research Interests**

- Tip-enhanced
- Raman spectroscopy (TERS)
- Surface-supported nanostructures
- Photon-induced chemical reactions
- Functionalization of new 2D materials



**Probing Configuration on Different Substrates** 



The corresponding TERS spectra for trans isomers directly describe the adsorbed configuration i.e. "Phenyl Up" configurations on Ag(100) and Au(100) while the "Phenyl Flat" configuration appears on Cu(100). Nanoscale 11, 19877 (2019).



## **Reaction Stereoselectivity via Surface Functionalization**



Self-Assembly and Binding Configurations



Three types of self-assemblies of rubrene on Ag(100) were characterized with STM-TERS to yield vibrational fingerprints of two possible adsorption configurations. With 5 Ångström resolution, adjacent configurations were identified.

J. Phys. Chem. C 124, 2420 (2020).[Cover]



6-dibromo-9,10-phenanthrenequinone (DBPQ) were found to remain adsorbed on the surface. This creates a stereoselective surface resulting in trans dimers compared to the bare substrate which results in cis dimers and bowl trimers. Nanoscale 12, 2726 (2020).

## Chemically Identifying Regioisomeric Adsorbates on Ag(100)



The corresponding TERS spectra for trans/cis isomers and TERS imaging confirm that it is possible to precisely distinguish these two co-existing regioisomers. Nano Lett. 19, 3267 (2019).

## "Resolving the Correlation between Tip-Enhanced Resonance Raman Scattering and Local Electronic States with 1 nm Resolution" S. Liu et al., Nano Lett. 19, 5725 (2019).

Tip-enhanced Raman spectroscopy, combining the chemical sensitivity of surface-enhanced Raman scattering with the high-spatial resolution of STM, is an emerging powerful tool for nanoscale science and technology. However, understanding the interaction between a confined electromagnetic field and local electronic states of the sample surface has remained elusive because of experimental challenges. Liu et al. (Takashi Kumagai group, Fritz-Haber Institute of the Max-Planck Society) performed tip-enhanced resonance Raman scattering (TERRS) and STS measurements for ultrathin ZnO films on Ag(111) which possess modified electronic band structures depending on the layer thickness. By using Au or Ag tips sharpened by field ion beam (FIB) milling reported by this group before [Nano Lett. 19, 3597 (2019)], they realized the TERRS spatial resolution of  $\sim 1$  nm at T = 78 K, allowing to discuss the correlation between TERRS signals and



## "Programmable Graphene Nanobubbles with Three-Fold Symmetric Pseudo-Magnetic Fields" P. Jia et al., Nat. Commun. **10,** 3127 (2019).

Graphene nanobubbles (GNBs) are known to generate large pseudo-magnetic fields by local strain which are unavailable by ordinary laboratory magnets. However, the size and location of GNBs are generally difficult to control so that their potential applications are limited. Jia et al. (Xi Wang group, Chinese Academy of Sciences and Lin He group, Beijing Normal Univ.) demonstrated the ability to manipulate the location, size and shape of GNBs on hydrogen-terminated Ge(110) by tuning the tip voltage. They observed clear peaks in dI/dV spectra on a GNB that are attributed to Landau levels caused by strain-induced pseudo-magnetic fields. Interestingly, they also found such peak structures are unevenly observed in the GNB at specific rotational angles, indicating the existence of three-fold symmetric pseudo-magnetic fields ranging from 0 to 125.7 T. The programmable GNBs with enormous pseudo-magnetic fields would represent a unique platform for various low dimensional phenomena under extremely high magnetic fields.





(a) STM image of a graphene nanobubble (GNB) on Ge(110). (b) 2D projection of the GNB shown in (a).

## USM1400 Publication List in 2019 (Selected) http://www.selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/selected.com/se

"Tuning Thermal Transport Through Atomically Thin Ti<sub>3</sub>C<sub>2</sub>T, MXene by Current Annealing in Vacuum" Z. Hemmat et al., Adv. Func. Mater. 29, 1805693 (2019).

"Thinnest Nonvolatile Memory Based on Monolayer h-BN" X. Wu et al., Adv. Mater. 31, 1806790 (2019).

"Chemical Vapor Deposition Grown Large-Scale Atomically Thin Platinum Diselenide with Semimetal-Semiconductor Transition" J. Shi et al., ACS Nano 13, 8442 (2019).

"Near-Field Manipulation in a Scanning Tunneling Microscope Junction with Plasmonic Fabry-Pérot Tips" H. Bockmann et al., Nano. Lett. 19, 3597 (2019).

"Realization of Strained Stanene by Interface Engineering" Y. Liu et al., J. Phys. Chem. Lett. 10, 1558 (2019).

"Anisotropic Growth and Scanning Tunneling Microscopy Identification of Ultrathin Even-Layered PdSe<sub>2</sub> Ribbons" S. Jiang et al., Small 15, 1902789 (2019).

"Graphene Acoustic Phonon-Mediated Pseudo-Landau Levels Tailoring Probed by Scanning Tunneling Spectroscopy" C. Chi et al., Small DOI: 10.1002/smll.201905202

"Bismuth Mediated Defect Engineering of Epitaxial Graphene on SiC(0001)" T. Hu et al., Carbon 146, 313 (2019).

"Probing Surface Mediated Configurations of Nonplanar Regioisomeric Adsorbates Using Ultrahigh Vacuum Tip-Enhanced Raman Spectroscopy" S. Mahapatra et al., Nanoscale 11, 19877 (2019).

"New Delay-Time Modulation Scheme for Optical Pump-Probe Scanning Tunneling Microscopy (OPP-STM) With Minimized Light-Intensity Modulation" O. Takeuchi et al., Jpn. J. Appl. Phys. 58, SIIA12 (2019).

- the local DOS with near-atomic resolution. Their results show a direct evidence of the (sub)nanometer-scale interaction between a confined electromagnetic field and local electronic structures of ZnO films.
- (a, b) SEM micrographs of an Au tip fabricated by FIB.
- (c) STM image of a two-monolayer-thick ZnO film on Ag(111).
- (d) STS map at  $V_s = +1.8$  V taken at the same field of view as (c).
- (e, f) TERRS and *dl/dV* spectra taken at locations shown as the same colors in (c, d), respectively.
- (g) Profiles of the topographic height, STS map and TERRS intensity along the line in (c, d).



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- Magnetic fields: 8 T(standard), 14 T, 2-2-9 T

## **Alexander Saranin**

## **Department of Surface Science**, **Russian Academy of Sciences, Russia**

## **Research Interests**

- Advanced 2D systems
- Atomic and band structure
- Electron transport
- Quantum and collective transport phenomena
- ARPES, STM/STS



"C<sub>co</sub> Capping of Metallic 2D TI-Au Compound with Preservation of Its Basic Properties at the Buried Interface" D. A. Olyanich et al., Appl. Surf. Sci. 501, 144253 (2020) "Weak Antilocalization at the Atomic-Scale Limit of Metal Film Thickness" A. V. Matetskiy et al., Nano Lett. 19, 570 (2019).





"Superconductor-Insulator Transition in an Anisotropic Two-Dimensional Electron Gas Assisted by One-Dimensional Friedel Oscillations: (TI, Au)/Si(100)-c(2×2)"

N. V. Denisov et al., Phys. Rev. B 100, 155412 (2019).



"Observation of the Nesting and Defect- Driven 1D Incommensurate Charge Density Waves Phase in the 2D System" A. V. Matetskiy et al., J. Phys. Condens. Matter. 31, 115402 (2019).

## "A Strongly Inhomogeneous Superfluid in an Iron-based Superconductor" D. Cho, K. M. Bastiaans, D. Chatzopoulos et al., Nature 571, 541 (2019).

The superfluid density governed by the phase coherence of Cooper pairs is a central property for understanding superconductivity. However, spatial variation of the superfluid density in unconventional superconductors has remained largely unknown because of technical challenges. Cho, Bastiaans, Chatzopoulos et al. (Milan Allan group, Leiden University) used atomic-resolution Josephson STM to image a superfluid in the iron-based superconductor  $FeTe_{0.55}Se_{0.45}$  and simultaneously measured topographic and superconducting gap structures. They found that the superfluid is strongly inhomogeneous and the inhomogeneity is correlated with the coherence of quasiparticle (the height of the coherence peak) rather than structural disorder, quasiparticle scattering and the energy to break Cooper pairs. This unique experimental technique is expected to be applied to other superconductors and also temperature-dependent superfluid density and superconducting gap measurements will further help to reveal the mechanism limiting the superconducting transition temperature in unconventional superconductors.



## USM1500 Publication List in 2019 (Selected) 論文リスト

"Coordination-Controlled C-C Coupling Products via ortho-Site C-H Activation" X. Zhang et al., ACS Nano 13, 1385 (2019).

"Role of Charge Density Wave in Monatomic Assembly in Transition Metal Dichalcogenides" H. Feng et al., Adv. Func. Mater. 29, 1900367 (2019).

"Polar and Phase Domain Walls with Conducting Interfacial States in a Weyl Semimetal MoTe<sub>2</sub>" F. T. Huang et al., Nat. Commun. 10, 4211 (2019).

"Quasiparticle interference evidence of the topological Fermi arc states in chiral fermionic semimetal CoSi" Q. Yuan et al., Sci. Adv. 5, eaaw9485 (2019).

"Real-Space Imaging of Orbital Selectivity on SrTiO<sub>3</sub>(001) Surface" C. Song et al., ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces 11, 37279 (2019)

"Super Large Sn<sub>1-x</sub>Se Single Crystals with Excellent Thermoelectric Performance" M. Jin et al., ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces 11, 8051 (2019).

"Nitrogen-Doped Graphene on Copper: Edge-Guided Doping Process and Doping-Induced Variation of Local Work Function" J. Neilson et al., J. Phys. Chem. C 123, 8802 (2019).

"A Two-Dimensional Crystal Formed by Pentamers on Au(111)" C. Yuan et al., Chem. Commun. 55, 5427 (2019).

"Nanofabricated Tips for Device-Based Scanning Tunneling Microscopy" M. Leeuenhoek et al., Nanotechnology 30, 335702 (2019).

"Flat AgTe Honeycomb Monolayer with Topologically Nontrivial States" B. Liu et al., J. Phys. Chem. Lett. 10, 1866 (2019).

"Imaging Doubled Shot Noise in a Josephson Scanning Tunneling Microscope" K. M. Bastiaans et al., Phys. Rev. B 100, 104506 (2019).

"C60 Capping of Metallic 2D TI-Au Compound with Preservation of Its Basic Properties at The Buried Interface" D. A. Olyanich et al., Appl. Surf. Sci. 501, 144253 (2020).

"Superconductor-Insulator Transition in an Anisotropic Two-Dimensional Electron Gas Assisted by One-Dimensional Friedel Oscillations: (Tl,Au)/Si(100)-c(2×2)" N. V. Denisov et al., Phys. Rev. B 100, 155412 (2019).

"Multifarious Interfaces, Band Alignments, and Formation Asymmetry of WSe2-MoSe2 Heterojunction Grown by Molecular-Beam Epitaxy" Y. Dai et al., ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces 11, 43766 (2019).

"A Shallow Acceptor of Phosphorous Doped in MoSe<sub>2</sub> Monolayer" Y. Xia et al., Adv. Electron. Mater. DOI: 10.1002/aelm.201900830

"Local Superconductivity in Vanadium Iron Arsenide" S. Sefat et al., Phys. Rev. B 100, 104525 (2019).

"Atomic, Electronic and Transport Properties of In-Au 2D Compound on Si(100)" D. V. Gruznev et al., J. Phys. Condens. Matter DOI: 10.1088/1361-648X/ab5f28

"Tunable Magnetism of a Single-Carbon Vacancy in Graphene" Y. Zhang et al., Sci. Bull. DOI: 10.1016/j.scib.2019.11.023



(a) STM image of FeTe<sub>0.55</sub>Se<sub>0.45</sub> (b) Spatially resolved superfluid density map. (c) Coherence peak height map. All images were taken in the same field of view.

## Dilution-Refrigerator Based UHV/Ultra Low Temperature/High Magnetic Field STM System

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## **Dilution-refrigerator based STM system**

- Base temperature: 40 mK
- Magnetic fields: 11 T(standard), 15 T, 2-2-9 T

## USM1600 Publication List in 2019 論文リスト

"Directional Massless Dirac Fermions in a Layered van der Waals material with one-Dimensional Long-Range Order" T. Y. Yang et al., Nat. Mater. DOI: 10.1038/s41563-019-0494-1

"Superconductivity of Topological Surface States and Strong Proximity Effect in Sn, Pb Te-Pb Heterostructures" H. Yang et al., Adv. Mater. 31, 1905582 (2019).

"Standing Waves Induced by Valley-Mismatched Domains in Ferroelectric SnTe Monolayers K. Chang et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 122, 206402 (2019).

"Realization of metallic state in 1T-TaS, with persisting long-range order of charge density wave" X. Y. Zhu et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 123, 206405 (2019).

"From atomic layer to the bulk: low-temperature atomistic structure, ferroelectric and electronic properties of SnTe films" T. P. Kaloni et al., Phys. Rev. B 99, 134108 (2019).

"The Unusual Suppression of Superconducting Transition Temperature in Double-Doping 2H-NbSe," D. Yang et al., Supercond. Sci. Technol. 32, 085008 (2019).

"Quantized Conductance of Majorana Zero Mode in the Vortex of the Topological Superconductor (LinsuFense)" C. Chen et al., Chin. Phys. Lett. 36, 057403 (2019).

## "Disorder-Induced Multifractal Superconductivity in Monolayer Niobium Dichalcogenides" K. Zhao et al., Nat. Phys. 15, 904 (2019).

The interplay between disorder and superconductivity as represented by disorder-enhanced superconductivity is an intriguing phenomenon in quantum many-body physics but experimental observation has remained elusive. Zhao et al. (Shuai-Hua Ji, Xi Chen, Qi-kun Xue group, Tsinghua Univ.) reported a well-controlled disorder effect on superconductivity in monolayer NbSe<sub>2</sub> ( $T_{0} \sim 0.9$  K) using the dilution-refrigeratorbased STM (the electron temperature of 228 mK). They introduced disorder in situ by depositing silicon atoms on the surface and also by substituting Se by isovalent S atoms during the sample growth. They found that with increasing disorder by Si adatoms, the superconducting gap reaches a maximum (more than three times larger than that for a pristine sample) and subsequently decreases. By the isovalent substitution, the superconducting gap is similarly enhanced and shows the maximum at x = 0.49 in NbSe<sub>2</sub>, S<sub>2</sub>. At this optimal substitution, T<sub>2</sub> is found to be as high as 2.9 K. They claim that these results are attributed to multifractal superconducting states.







(a,b) STM image of NbSe, monolayer on graphene/SiC before and after silicon deposition, respectively (c) dI/dV spectrum near the Fermi level as a function of the Si adatom density. (d) The superconducting gap as a function of the Si adatom density.



(d)

Si density (nm)

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## Takashi SUMIGAWA

## Kyoto University, Japan

Materials in nanometer or micrometer have unique characteristic mechanical behavior, which is conspicuously different from the counterpart of bulk. Our group possesses special experimental technique for nano-/micro-sized materials and investigates the mechanical behavior, strength and fracture by loading experiments with in situ SEM/TEM observations.

## **Recent Results**

- Fracture mechanics in nanoscale
- Fatigue of nano-/micro-sized metals
- · Mechanical behavior of thin films comprising of nanoelements

Bulk

Size of singular stress field AKI, nm

\*T. Sumigawa et al., ACS Nano 11, 6271 (2017).

Ferroelectricity of nano-sized materials



Griffith Theory Michot et al.

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micro clip操作軸

微小応力印加装置本体(例)



\*T. Sumigawa et al., Acta Materialia 153, 270 (2018). \*T. Sumigawa et al., Mater. Sci. Eng. A 764, 138218 (2019).

## **Picosecond Transient Absorption Spectroscopy System**

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- YouTube channel launched to introduce the RIPT method

"Reaction of Oxygen with the Singlet Excited State of [n]Cycloparaphenylenes (n = 9, 12, and 15): A Time-Resolved Transient Absorption Study Seamlessly Covering Time Ranges from Sub-Nanoseconds to Microseconds by the Randomly-Interleaved-Pulse-Train Method" T. Suenobu *et al.*, J. Phys. Chem. A **124**, 46 (2020)



After light absorption, many photofunctional organic molecules transfer from singlet excited state to triplet excited state by intersystem crossing (ISC) in nanoseconds then return to the ground state in microseconds. It has been difficult so far to observe this series of processes with a single instrument, therefore, integrated analysis has almost not been performed. Suenobu (Osaka Univ.), Katoh (Nihon Univ.) and UNISOKU collaboratively found unanticipated enhancement of ISC by oxygen in cycloparaphenylenes (known as 'Nanohoop') by using our picoTAS based on the RIPT method and succeeded in detailed analysis. This result has proved that picoTAS provides important information hidden in unexplored observation areas.

## picoTAS Publication List in 2019 (Selected) 論文リスト

"Suppressed Triplet Exciton Diffusion Due to Small Orbital Overlap as a Key Design Factor for Ultralong-Lived Room-Temperature Phosphorescence in Molecular Crystals"

K. Narushima et al., Adv. Mater. 31, 1807268 (2019)

"Carrier-Selective Blocking Layer Synergistically Improves the Plasmonic Enhancement Effect" T. Kawawaki et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc. 141, 8402 (2019).

"Photocatalytic Oxygenation Reactions with a Cobalt Porphyrin Complex Using Water as an Oxygen Source and Dioxygen as an Oxidant" Y. H. Hong et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc. 141, 9155 (2019).

"Pyrrole-Based π-System–Ptll Complexes: Chiroptical Properties and Excited-State Dynamics with Microsecond Triplet Lifetimes" G. Hirata et al., Chem. Eur. J. 25, 8797 (2019).

"Size-Dependent Relaxation Processes of Photoexcited [n]Cycloparaphenylenes (n = 5–12): Significant Contribution of Internal Conversion in Smaller Rings'

M. Fujitsuka et al., J. Phys. Chem. A 123, 4737 (2019).

"Effect of Reabsorption of Fluorescence on Transient Absorption Measurements" Y. Shibasaki et al., Spectrochimica Acta Part A: Mol and Biom Spect. 220, 117127 (2019)

"Exergonic Intramolecular Singlet Fission of an Adamantane-Linked Tetracene Dyad via Twin Quintet Multiexcitons" Y. Matsui et al., J. Phys. Chem. C 123, 18813 (2019).

## **Cryostat for Spectrophotometer USP-203 Series** 分光用クライオスタット CoolSpeK UV/CD/IR

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Customized flow control system for lab-based SAX-HPLC reported in Sci. Rep.

"Newly developed Laboratory-based Size exclusion chromatography Small-angle x-ray scattering System (La-SSS)" R. Inoue et al., Sci. Rep. 9, 12610 (2019).

## Nanosecond Transient Absorption Spectroscopy System ナノ秒時間分解分光測定装置 (レーザーフラッシュフォトリシス装置) **TSP-1000/2000**



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  - Adopted a high resolution oscilloscope
- Option for emission lifetime measurements of singlet oxygen available

## TSP-1000/2000 Publication List in 2019 (Selected) Selected

"Solid-State, Near-Infrared to Visible Photon Upconversion via Triplet-Triplet Annihilation of a Binary System Fabricated by Solution Casting" A. Abulikemu et al., ACS Appl. Mater. Inrefaces 11, 20812 (2019).

"Liquid Crystallinity as a Self-Assembly Motif for High-Efficiency, Solution-Processed, Solid-State Singlet Fission Materials" S. Masoomi-Godarzi et al., Adv. Energy Mater. 9, 1901069 (2019).

"Photochromic Reaction by Red Light via Triplet Fusion Upconversion" A. Tokunaga et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc. 141, 17744 (2019).





## 周辺の歴史・観光や地域の紹介 Introduction of history, sightseeing area around Hirakata

日口山遺跡 Taguchiyama ruins (田口山2-2010-3) 弥生時代中期後半に成立した高地性集落。竪穴住居跡や土器、石器が出土している。 The ancient village established in the late Yavoi period.

2 禁野車塚古墳 Kinya-kurumazuka mound tomb (宮之阪5-381-3) 古墳時代前期前半(4世紀前半)に築造されたと考えられる前方後円墳で大阪府内でも最古クラス。 全長120メートル。 One of the oldest imperial tombs in Osaka.



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**牧野車塚古墳** (車塚1-369) Makino-kurumazuka mound tomb 古墳時代前期中頃(4世紀後半)に築造されたと 考えられる前方後円墳。全長107.5メートル。 The ancient tomb built in the late 4th century



樟葉宮跡の社 (継体天皇 樟葉宮跡伝承地) Kuzuha no miya ruins (楠葉丘2-19-1) 第26代 継体天皇が即位し、5年にわたり宮を 営んだとされる。 The 26th emperor Keitai was enthroned at this place in 507.



百済寺跡 (中宮西之町4340) 200 Baekje temple ruin 百済滅亡後、日本に在留した百済王族の子孫 百済王敬福が建立。 Built in ~750 by descendants of Baekje royal family who originally lived in the Korean Peninsula.

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阿弖流為・母禮の塚 (牧野阪2丁目) Monument of Aterui and More 征夷大将軍 坂上田村麻呂によって東北地方の平定がなされ、 蝦夷の首長阿弖流為(アテルイ)と副将母禮(モレ)を伴って帰京した。 The chiefs of Emishi (living in the north east area of Japan) were executed after loss in the war against Yamato dynasty.

**交野天神社本殿** Katano-ten shrine (楠葉丘2-19-1) 室町時代中期に遡る枚方市内の古建築としては最古のもの。 One of the oldest buildings in Hirakata.

8 津田城 Tsuda castle (津田山手2-11-1) 1490年 津田正信が国見山に築城し、1575年 織田信長によって落城された。 Built by the lord, Masanobu Tsuda in 1490 and destroyed by Nobunaga Oda in 1575.



片埜神社 Katano shrine (牧野阪2-21-15) 創建は約2000年前(第11代 垂仁天皇 BC29-70) 豊臣秀頼によって再建、 交野郡一宮・大坂城の鬼門鎮護の社とされる。 Believed to be built ~2000 years ago, and rebuilt by Hideyori Toyotomi in 1602.

10 二宮神社 Ninomiya shrine (船橋本町1-707) 創建は313~399年(第16代仁徳天皇)の説と738年(第45代聖武天皇)の説がある。 1584年に豊臣秀頼によって再建、交野郡二宮・大坂城の鬼門鎮護の社とされる。 Built in 313-399 or 738 and called Ninomiya since rebuilt by Hideyori Toyotomi in 1584.



三之宮神社 Sannomiya shrine (穂谷2-7-1) 創建は341年(第16代仁徳天皇)1600年頃に豊臣秀頼に よって再建、交野郡三宮・大坂城の鬼門鎮護の社とされる。 Built in 341 and called Sannomiya since rebuilt by Hideyori Toyotomi around 1600 together with Katano and Ninomiya shrines to guard Osaka Castle from demons.



17





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## **UNISOKU Sawada's Business Journey to Russia**

In Aug, 2019, at Sheremetyevo airport, the President of the distributor in Russia welcomed me with a word, "Here is a place to enjoy a life." What came into my sight was Cyrillic letters that looked like left-and-right-reversed alphabets. I tried to read aloud in English pronunciation but it soon failed because the letters got left and right reversed. (I wondered if Russian people did not mix up when they spoke English...) After I got out of the nearest station to the distributor office, there were some huge swings (shown in the photo) and those enjoying the swings were grown-ups!? I did a double take. In Russia, it seems that swings are not only for kids but also for grown-ups. It is still humorous when I remember that scene. I felt that there are many places where people can enjoy sunshine and relax in Moscow and the town itself is designed to enjoy their lives.

### ユニソク澤田のロシア紀行

2019年8月、シェレメチェボ空港にて「ここは生活を楽しむところだから」と 現地代理店社長が出迎えてくれた。目に入るものはアルファベットを 左右ひっくり返したようなキリル文字、英語の発音で読もうとするがすぐに 文字がひっくり返り断念。(英語も話せるロシア人は発音が混同しないの だろうか。) 空港から鉄道に乗って代理店オフィス最寄り駅から出てすぐ



広場に大きなブランコがあり、乗っているのは子どもではなく立派な大人...!? 思わず二度見してしまう。 ここではブランコは子どもだけの乗り物ではないようだ。大人がブランコを漕ぐ姿が今思い出して みても何とも珍しい光景だった。このように街の至る所に何をするでもなく日光に当たりながら座っ てゆっくりできる場所が沢山あり、町全体が暮らしを楽しむようにデザインされていると感じた。





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